METHOD STATEMENT



Determinand:

Stenotrophomonas species

Matrix:

Water

Principle of Method:

A known volume of water is filtered through a membrane filter with 0.45µm pores upon which bacteria are entrapped. The membrane filter is then placed on a selective growth medium and incubated at 30°C for 3 days after, which characteristic colonies are counted and sampled off for confirmation.

Presumptive Stenotrophomonas bacteria are defined as those bacteria that produce pigmented colonies on MacConkey agar after incubation at 30°C for 3 days. Stenotrophomonas species are confirmed and identified using protein profiling.

Sampling and Sample Preparation:

Once taken, microbiological samples should be transferred immediately to dark storage conditions and kept at a temperature between 2 - 8°C for transport to the laboratory. If samples are not analysed immediately on receipt in the laboratory, they should be kept at a temperature between 2 - 8°C, in dark conditions, until analysis commences.

Samples should be analysed as soon as practicable on the day of collection. In exceptional circumstances where there is a delay; storage under the above conditions should not exceed 24 hours before the commencement of analysis.

Interferences:

Chlorine and chloramines. Neutralise by adding sodium thiosulphate, which at a concentration of 18mg/l should counteract up to 5mg/l of free and combined residual chlorine. (The Microbiology of Drinking Water 2002).

Plasticisers can interfere in the mass spectrometry analysis. Only certified, non-plasticising plastic materials should be used.

Reporting of Results:

Presumptive *Stenotrophomonas* species numbers are quoted as the number of colonies per 100ml.

References:

Stenotrophomonas maltophila. Venkateswara rao, T. Travancore Medical College. 8th July, 2011.

Palleroni N, Bradbury J (1993). "Stenotrophomonas, a new bacterial genus for Xanthomonas maltophilia (Hugh 1980) Swings et al. 1983". *Int J Syst Bacteriol* 43 (3): 606-609.

Yoon, J.-H., Kang, S.-J., Oh, H. W., Oh, T.-K. (2006). "Stenotrophomonas dokdonensis sp. Nov., isolated from soil". Int J Syst and Evo Micro 56: 1363 - 1367.