METHOD STATEMENT



Determinand:

Benzotriazole, 5-Methyl-1H-Benzotriazole, Azithromycin, Carbamazepine, Propranolol, Erythromycin, Clarithromycin, Diclofenac and Atenolol

Matrix:

Untreated sewage effluents, treated sewage effluents and surface waters

Principle of Method:

The pharmaceuticals are isolated from aqueous matrix using solid phase extraction (SPE) and eluted from the SPE cartridges with methanol. The extract is blown down to 200ul and transferred to an insert vial to be blown down further to 100ul. The extract is quantified by high resolution, accurate mass (HRAM) liquid chromatography mass spectrometry (LC-MS), using a gradient elution run for all determinands except Atenolol, which is acquired via an isocratic run.

Sampling and Sample Preparation:

Samples should be taken in 250ml glass bottle. No preservative is required. Samples are stored at $3 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C prior to analysis. Samples are stable for times stated below, from sampling.

Compound	Stability in days (in-house trials)
Carbamazepine	15
Atenolol	15
Propranolol HCI	15
Azithromycin	15
Clarithromycin	15
Diclofenac	15
Erythromycin	15

Compound	Stability in days (CIP2 technical spec)
Benzotriazole (BZT)	15
5-Methyl-1H-Benzotriazole (Tolytriazole (TZT))	15

Interferences:

The LC-MS system operates at a mass spectral resolution of 70,000 FWHM and therefore the technique is extremely selective, however in theory any substance with an equivalent LC retention time, and which generates ions within a 5ppm window of the analyte's m/z may interfere.

Performance of Method:

Determinend	LOD	MRL ng/l	L Range 'I (MRL -)	Low Std		High Std	
Determinand	ng/l			%RSD	%Bias	%RSD	%Bias
Benzotriazole	1.0341	2	500	11.78	9.61	7.47	4.58
Carbamazepine	0.2772	1	2000	3.98	3.95	3.46	-1.49
Atenolol	0.1930	1	200	8.28	1.05	6.58	-1.42
Propranolol HCl	0.0458	0.2	200	4.39	0.84	3.06	-1.78
Erythromycin	2.3053	10	2000	3.69	1.84	3.00	-3.29
Azithromycin	0.0520	0.2	100	12.22	-2.96	7.54	-3.27
Diclofenac	0.9629	2	200	4.08	-0.91	3.22	-0.03
5-Methyl-1H-Benzotriazole	0.8183	2	500	12.66	0.26	9.73	5.02
Clarithromycin	0.2510	1	200	9.45	0.85	9.37	-3.58

METHOD STATEMENT



Determinand	Spike (pg/L)	Finham Fi	nal Effluent	Bulkington Crude		
Determinana	Spike (ng/L)	%RSD	%Rec.	%RSD	%Rec.	
	8	16.38	90.70	-	-	
Benzotriazole	32	10.18	100.47	9.31	100.08	
	400	12.64	91.47	-	-	
Carbamazepine	1600	12.20	92.68	3.51	102.02	
A. I.I.	40	7.92	101.79	-	-	
Atenoioi	160	5.80	100.78	6.29	99.55	
	40	6.58	101.47	-	-	
Propranoioi	160	3.28	98.75	3.10	98.19	
En the serve in	400	4.43	105.41	_	-	
Erythromycin	1600	2.54	98.23	2.45	97.39	
A -ith	20	13.22	98.15	-	-	
Azithromycin	80	10.67	103.09	8.19	99.68	
	40	6.09	100.34	-	-	
Diciofenac	160	3.04	100.81	2.92	100.62	
5-Methyl-1H-Benzotriazole	8	13.15	92.97	_	-	
	32	11.97	102.35	11.39	101.21	
	40	9.21	99.70	-	-	
Clarithromycin	160	10.57	98.10	9.77	95.84	

Uncertainty of Measurement:

The Uncertainty of Measurement has been calculated following the guidelines provided by the CIP2 Technical Specification.

Determinand	Uncertainty of Measurement %
All Compounds	50

References:

In-house method - no external references