# METHOD STATEMENT



#### **Determinand:**

Determination of extractable phosphorus

## Matrix:

Sample Type: soil samples

## **Principle of Method:**

Phosphorus is extracted from the soil at 20±5°C with a sodium bicarbonate solution at pH 8.5. Phosphate in the extract reacts with acid ammonium molybdate to form a phosphomolybdate, which is reduced with ascorbic acid. The concentration of the blue complex produced is measured spectrophotometrically at 880 nm.

## Sampling and Sample Preparation:

Samples are normally taken in soil pots with ground soils being stored at room temperature and wet soils being refrigerated at 3 ± 2°C Samples are stable for 7 days (BS ISO 18512: 2007) from sampling.

Soil samples are air-dried and ground according to method WSC15 prior to analysis.

## Interferences

Interferences from organic matter, leading to turbid extracts, or by highly coloured extracts are overcome by the procedures used

## **Performance of Method:**

#### **Range of Application:**

1 - 140 mg/kgThe normal reporting limit is 5 mg/kg when a weight of soil is taken.% MAFF P Normal reporting limit: 0.0005%

## Limit of Detection and Calibration bias:

4.0673mg/ll % MAFF P Method LOD: 0.00040673%

#### **Recoveries of Compounds and Uncertainty of measurement:**

	Low Std	High Std	CRM	Sand	Clay	Loam
μg P	40.521	117.077	81.713	39.936	9.983	11.767
SD µg P	4.28	3.91	7.11	5.21	8.40	9.07
% Recovery	101.30	97.56	90.79			

#### **References:**

The Analysis of Agricultural Materials, Reference Book 427, 3rd edition. Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food. HMSO. ISBN 0 11 242762 6. Method 59.

Fertiliser Recommendations, Reference Book 209. Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food. HMSO. ISBN 0 11 242813 4. Appendix 1.