

**Determinand:**

Determination of Ammoniacal Nitrogen, Total Oxidised Nitrogen, Nitrite Nitrogen, Chloride, Orthophosphate and Nitrate by calculation using Gallery and Gallery Plus discrete analysers.

Matrix:

Sample Types: final effluents, crude effluents and trade effluents.

Principle of Method:

Gallery Discrete Analyser is solely used for the analysis of Orthophosphate whilst Gallery Plus Discrete Analyser can be used for the analysis of Nitrite, TON, Ammonia, Chloride and Orthophosphate.

Certain analytes, when reacted with specific reagents, will form coloured complexes. The intensity of the colour formed is proportional to the original concentration of the analyte.

The intensity of colour within samples can be evaluated by comparison with standards containing known concentrations of the analyte, thus allowing the concentration within the sample to be assessed.

The sample volumes, reagent volumes, mixing speeds, colour development time and development temperature are all controlled automatically using a discrete autoanalyser, which significantly improves method performance over manual colour assessment.

Specific details of colorimetric reactions are given below.

Nitrite

Nitrite ions react with sulphanilamide and N-1-naphthylethylene diamine in acidic media to form a pink azo dye, the intensity of which is proportional to the concentration of nitrite present and which is measured at 540 nm by automated discrete colorimetric analysis.

TON

Nitrate is reduced to Nitrite using a copper/hydrazine reducing agent. The nitrite produced is then reacted as described above to give a value for the total oxidised nitrogen (nitrite plus nitrate) within the sample. Nitrate can then be calculated by difference.

Ammonia

In the presence of a Sodium Nitroprusside catalyst, ammonia reacts with salicylate ions to produce a blue indophenol dye, whose intensity is proportional to the concentration of ammonia present and which is measured at 660 nm by automated discrete colorimetric analysis.

Chloride

Chloride ions are mixed with acid-chloride colour reagent containing mercury (II) thiocyanate and iron (III) nitrate. The released thiocyanate ions react with the iron (III) nitrate to give a reddish-brown coloured iron (III) thiocyanate complex which is measured spectrophotometrically at 480nm.

Orthophosphate

In an acid medium, ammonium molybdate and antimony potassium tartrate react with orthophosphate to form an antimony-phosphor-molybdate complex. This is then reduced by ascorbic acid to form a blue complex, the intensity of which is proportional to the original concentration of orthophosphate ions present. The intensity of the colour formed is measured at a wavelength of 880 nm using automated discrete colorimetric analysis

Sampling and Sample Preparation:

Samples are normally collected in 1 L PET bottles. Other size PET or HDPE bottles are also suitable. If analysis cannot be immediately undertaken, samples should be stored at $3 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ until the day of analysis.

Samples should be warmed to room temperature prior to analysis and analysed within the following days of the sampling date.

- Ammoniacal Nitrogen 3 days (In-House Data - Coventry)
- Chloride 1 month (ISO5667:3)

METHOD STATEMENT



- Nitrite Nitrogen 3 days (In-House Data - Coventry)
- Total Oxidised Nitrogen 4 days (In-House Data - Coventry)
- Orthophosphate 30 days (ISO 5667:3)

Interferences

Interference may be caused to any determinand depending on the colour and nature of the sample

Ammonia

Interferences include aromatic amines, chloramines, ketones, aldehydes and alcohols

Nitrate / Nitrite

Amines, strong reducing agents and strong oxidising agents are the only substances known to interfere

Chloride

Interferences include thiocyanate, thiosulphate, cyanide, sulphide and sulphite. Iron in excess will mask the end point

Phosphate

Interferences include sulphide, arsenic, high TON/nitrite and silicon

Performance of Method:

Range of Application:

High Level

Ammoniacal Nitrogen LOD-60mg/l as N
 Total Oxidised Nitrogen LOD-40 mg/l as N
 Nitrite Nitrogen LOD-5 mg/l as N
 Chloride LOD-500 mg/l as Cl
 Orthophosphate LOD-15 mg/l as P
 These ranges may be extended by sample dilution.

Low Level ranges are a 1/10th of the above ranges.

Limit of Detection and Recoveries of Compounds:

Gallery Plus Discrete Analyser High Level

Analyte	LOD mg/l	MRV mg/l	Maximum Allowable Blank		Final Effluent		Final Effluent Filtered		Trade Effluent		Crude Sewage	
					Low Spike	High Spike	Low Spike	High Spike	Low Spike	High Spike	Low Spike	High Spike
Ammonia	0.2585	0.5	0.5	%Recovery	100.97	105.01	103.13	104.73	100.20	103.25	104.76	103.76
				%RSD	5.57	0.80	0.99	2.70	7.39	3.83	1.42	0.96
TON	0.2329	0.40	0.4	%Recovery	103.92	98.62	105.8	102.31	109.11	106.77	105.77	97.08
				%RSD	4.33	4.42	3.93	1.56	3.70	1.78	3.67	4.61
Phosphate	0.1100	0.20	0.2	%Recovery	93.37	93.5	92.04	95.61	90.6	99.4	97.97	97.55
				%RSD	4.78	4.96	4.82	4.94	4.90	3.80	2.86	4.09
Nitrite	0.0147	0.020	0.02	%Recovery	99.46	94.89	99.67	98.65	104.17	98.91	104.19	101.66
				%RSD	4.24	4.77	3.99	4.95	2.58	0.87	4.97	4.74
Chloride	4.4185	10	10	%Recovery	106.53	100.54	109.35	101.90	102.56	102.92	108.2	103.25
				%RSD	4.53	2.81	3.82	3.84	3.74	2.87	4.10	3.22
Nitrate	0.3633	0.40	0.4	%Recovery	107.98	103.16	109.91	105.7	109.72	107.75	105.96	96.51
				%RSD	4.59	4.90	4.38	1.96	4.12	1.95	4.07	5.03

Gallery Plus Discrete Analyser Low Level

Analyte	LOD mg/l	MRV mg/l	Maximum Allowable Blank		Final Effluent		Final Effluent Filtered		Trade Effluent		Crude Sewage	
					Low Spike	High Spike	Low Spike	High Spike	Low Spike	High Spike	Low Spike	High Spike
Ammonia	0.0316	0.075	0.075	%Recovery	95.7	96.77	98.48	99.32	102.76	102.19	103.13	104.33
				%RSD	2.37	3.05	4.24	3.01	4.08	2.04	3.62	1.63

METHOD STATEMENT



Gallery Plus Discrete Analyser Low Level

Analyte	LOD mg/l	MRV mg/l	Maximum Allowable Blank		Final Effluent		Final Effluent Filtered		Trade Effluent		Crude Sewage	
					Low Spike	High Spike	Low Spike	High Spike	Low Spike	High Spike	Low Spike	High Spike
TON	0.0590	0.075	0.075	%Recovery	96.89	103.35	96.68	103.27	105.6	94.46	-	-
				%RSD	4.18	2.26	4.32	4.06	4.33	4.40	-	-
Phosphate	0.0245	0.025	0.025	%Recovery	92.72	96.75	91.54	96.2	98.33	99.87	99.95	102.07
				%RSD	4.89	4.50	4.76	4.03	4.76	2.97	3.39	4.47
Nitrite	0.00481	0.005	0.005	%Recovery	99.19	95.68	101.33	98.43	104.81	101.76	91.91	94.38
				%RSD	4.17	4.84	3.66	2.47	3.76	1.93	3.78	3.45
Chloride	0.337	0.50	0.5	%Recovery	103.57	95.24	105.18	95.68	104.83	95.61	105.4	96.07
				%RSD	2.76	2.27	1.94	2.56	2.80	2.10	2.78	1.92
Nitrate	0.0612	0.075	0.075	%Recovery	102.75	107.7	102.74	107.45	105.71	94.39	-	-
				%RSD	4.95	4.56	4.88	4.77	4.63	5.01	-	-

Gallery Discrete Analyser High Level

Analyte	LOD mg/l	MRV mg/l	Maximum Allowable Blank		Final Effluent		Trade Effluent		Crude Sewage	
					Low Spike	High Spike	Low Spike	High Spike	Low Spike	High Spike
Phosphate	0.081	0.09	0.09	%Recovery	97.8	98.8	97.1	99.3	97.6	97.7
				%RSD	1.15	0.50	0.80	0.51	0.59	0.40

References:

In House method. Chemistries based on SCA blue books.
Gallery Plus Operation & Reference Manual 5.3A